

Markscheme

November 2020

Chemistry

Standard level

Paper 3



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Subject details: Chemistry higher level paper 3 Markscheme

Candidates are required to answer **ALL** questions in Section A **[15 marks]** and all questions from **ONE** option in Section B **[20marks]**. Maximum total = **[35 marks]**.

- 1. Each row in the "Question" column relates to the smallest subpart of the question.
- **2.** The maximum mark for each question subpart is indicated in the "Total" column.
- 3. Each marking point in the "Answers" column is shown by means of a tick (\checkmark) at the end of the marking point.
- **4.** A question subpart may have more marking points than the total allows. This will be indicated by "**max**" written after the mark in the "Total" column. The related rubric, if necessary, will be outlined in the "Notes" column.
- **5.** An alternative word is indicated in the "Answers" column by a slash (/). Either word can be accepted.
- **6.** An alternative answer is indicated in the "Answers" column by "**OR**". Either answer can be accepted.
- 7. An alternative markscheme is indicated in the "Answers" column under heading **ALTERNATIVE 1** *etc*. Either alternative can be accepted.
- **8.** Words inside chevrons « » in the "Answers" column are not necessary to gain the mark.
- **9.** Words that are <u>underlined</u> are essential for the mark.
- **10.** The order of marking points does not have to be as in the "Answers" column, unless stated otherwise in the "Notes" column.
- 11. If the candidate's answer has the same "meaning" or can be clearly interpreted as being of equivalent significance, detail and validity as that in the "Answers" column then award the mark. Where this point is considered to be particularly relevant in a question it is emphasized by **OWTTE** (or words to that effect) in the "Notes" column.
- 12. Remember that many candidates are writing in a second language. Effective communication is more important than grammatical accuracy.
- 13. Occasionally, a part of a question may require an answer that is required for subsequent marking points. If an error is made in the first marking point then it should be penalized. However, if the incorrect answer is used correctly in subsequent marking points then **follow through** marks should be awarded. When marking, indicate this by adding **ECF** (error carried forward) on the script.
- 14. Do **not** penalize candidates for errors in units or significant figures, **unless** it is specifically referred to in the "Notes" column.
- 15. If a question specifically asks for the name of a substance, do not award a mark for a correct formula unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column. Similarly, if the formula is specifically asked for, do not award a mark for a correct name unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column.
- **16.** If a question asks for an equation for a reaction, a balanced symbol equation is usually expected, do not award a mark for a word equation or an unbalanced equation unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column.
- 17. Ignore missing or incorrect state symbols in an equation unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column.

Section A

(Questic	on	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	а		oil is non-polar «and dissolves best in non-polar solvents» OR oil does not dissolve in polar solvents ✓	Do not accept "like dissolves like" only.	1
1.	b		solvent/oil is flammable OR solvent/oil must be kept below its flash point OR oxidation/decomposition of oil OR mixture has a low boiling point ✓	Accept "to prevent evaporation of oil".	1
1.	С		distillation «instead of evaporation» ✓	Accept "pass vapour through a condenser and collect liquid". Do not accept "condensation" without experimental details.	1

Q	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
1.	d		Experimental mass greater than actual mass of oil in crisps: other substances «in the crisps» are soluble in the solvent OR not all the solvent evaporates ✓		
			Experimental mass less than actual mass of oil in crisps: not all oil dissolved/extracted ✓	Accept "oil evaporated" OR "oil burned/decomposed" OR "oil absorbed by the filter" OR "assumption «all oil dissolved» was wrong" for M2. Do not accept examples of human errors OR faulty apparatus.	2

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
2.	а	Independent variable: chain length <i>OR</i> number of carbon «atoms in alcohol» AND Dependent variable: volume of NaOH <i>OR</i> K₀/equilibrium constant <i>OR</i> equilibrium concentration/moles of CH₃COOH ✓		1
2.	b	dilution/lower concentrations ✓ less frequent collisions «per unit volume» ✓	Accept "lowers concentration of acid catalyst" for M1. M2 must refer to increase in activation energy or different pathway. Do not accept responses referring to equilibrium.	2
2.	С	equilibrium shifts to left OR more ethanoic acid is produced «as ethanoic acid is neutralized» OR prevents/slows down ester hydrolysis ✓	Accept "prevents equilibrium shift" if described correctly without direction.	1
2.	d	to determine volume/moles of NaOH used up by the catalyst/sulfuric acid «in the titration» OR to eliminate/reduce «systematic» error caused by acid catalyst ✓	Do not accept "control" OR "standard" alone.	1

	Question	Answers	Notes	Total
2.	e	Percentage uncertainty: $ \frac{0.4 \times 100}{6.5} = \% 6 \% $	Award [1 max] if calculations are reversed OR if incorrect alcohol is used.	2
2.	f	Any two: large percentage error means large systematic error «in procedure» ✓ small percentage uncertainty means small random errors ✓ random errors smaller than systematic error ✓	Award [2] for "both random and systematic errors are significant."	2 max
2.	g	corrosive/burns/irritant/strong oxidizing agent/carcinogenic OR disposal is an environmental issue OR causes other side reactions/dehydration/decomposition ✓	Do not accept just "risk of accidents" OR "health risks" OR "hazardous".	1

Section B

Option A — Materials

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
3.	а		carbon fibre reinforcing phase ✓ «in a» matrix phase of epoxy ✓	Award [1 max] for "reinforcing phase «embedded» in a <u>matrix</u> ".	2
3.	b	i	can be recycled OR can be reformed when hot OR high impact/chemical/abrasion resistance ✓		1
3.	b	ii	Any three of: plasticizers embed/fit between «polymer» chains ✓ keep polymer strands/chains/molecules separated/apart ✓ weaken intermolecular/London/dispersion/attractive/forces/instantaneous induced dipole-induced dipole/forces «between chains» ✓ prevent chains from packing closely/forming regular packing/structure ✓	Accept "van der Waals/vdW" for "London".	3 max

	Question	Answers	Notes	Total
3.	С	Any two of: readily released into environment OR have weak intermolecular forces «rather than covalent bonds between chains» ✓ get into biological systems by ingestion/inhalation ✓ interrupt endocrine systems OR affect release of hormones OR effect development of male reproductive system ✓	Do not accept just "are a health concern".	2 max
		considered carcinogenic OR can cause cellular damage ✓ can cause early puberty in females ✓ can cause thyroid effects ✓ can cause asthma ✓		

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
4.	а		Excellent strength: defect-free AND rigid/regular 2D/3D ✓ Excellent conductivity: delocalized electrons ✓	Accept "carbons/atoms are all covalently bonded to each other" for M1.	2
4.	b	i	Any of: ductility ✓ strength/resistance to deformation ✓ malleability ✓ hardness ✓ resistance to corrosion/chemical resistance ✓ range of working temperatures ✓ density ✓	Do not accept "conductivity".	1
4.	b	ii	Anode: $2Cl^- \rightarrow Cl_2(g) + 2e^- \checkmark$ Cathode: $Mg^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow Mg(l) \checkmark$	Accept $Cl^- \to Cl_2(g) + e^-$. Award [1 max] for correct equations at incorrect electrodes.	2

(continued...)

(Question 4b continued)

4.	b	iii		Award [3] for correct final answer.	3
4.	b	iv	argon/Ar/helium/He √	Accept any identified noble/inert gas. Accept name OR formula. Do not accept "nitrogen/N ₂ ".	1
4.	С		pores/cavities/channels/holes/cage-like structures ✓ «only» reactants with appropriate/specific size/geometry/structure fit inside/go through/are activated/can react ✓	Accept "molecules/ions" for "reactants" in M2.	2
4.	d		rod-shaped molecules OR «randomly distributed but» generally align OR no positional order AND have «some» directional order/pattern ✓	Accept "linear" for "rod-shaped".	1

Option B — Biochemistry

C	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
5.	а	i	0.70 ✓	Accept any value within the range "0.67–0.73".	1
5.	а	ii	lle <i>AND</i> larger R _f ✓		
			more soluble in non-polar solvent «mobile phase» OR not as attracted to polar «stationary» phase ✓	Only award M2 if Ile is identified in M1.	2
5.	b		hydrogen/H bonding «between amido hydrogen and carboxyl oxygen atoms» ✓		1
5.	С		tertiary: folding/shape of a single «polypeptide/protein» chain \checkmark quaternary: arrangement/folding of four/several chains/proteins/polypeptides «held together by IMF» \checkmark	Accept "two or more polypeptides" for M2.	2

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
6.	а		H ₂ C—OH R ¹ COOH	Accept either names OR structures. Accept "long chain carboxylic acid" for "fatty acid".	
			HC — OH + R ² COOH H ₂ C — OH H ₃ PO ₄ glycerol ✓ both fatty acids <i>AND</i> phosphoric acid ✓	Penalise once only if an incorrect name is given for a correct structure or viceversa.	2
6.	b	i	A: phosphate/ionic groupANDB: alkyl/hydrocarbon «chain» ✓	Accept "glycerol «fragment»" OR "glycerophosphate" OR "ester" for A. Accept "fatty acid «tail»" for B. Do not accept terms such as "polar head", "non-polar tail", "hydrophilic" OR "hydrophobic" for components alone.	1

(continued...)

(Question 6b continued)

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
6.	b	ii	Forces occurring between components labelled A: hydrogen/H bonding OR ion–dipole OR ionic/electrostatic «repulsion and/or attraction» ✓	Accept "dipole-dipole" for M1. Do not accept "van der Waals/vdW" for M1.	2
			Forces occurring between components labelled B : dispersion/London/instantaneous dipoles/temporary dipoles ✓	Accept "van der Waals/vdW" for M2.	

Q	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
6.	С		Energy storage: not water-soluble/no hydrogen/H bonding OR less oxidized/more reduced OR high energy stored in bonds OR high «negative» enthalpy of combustion/oxidation ✓ Electrical insulator: no delocalized electrons/conjugation ✓	Accept "potential energy" for "stored energy".	2

C	Questi	on			Answers	Notes	Total
7.	а		Vitamin A C D all three corre	Soluble in fat water fat ect ✓			1
7.	b	i		oe placed next to HS or RHS) √	CHO AND 2OH's on central carbons must be on	Accept crosses in place of C on three middle carbons.	1
7.	b	ii	Reaction type condensation Functional greacetal/ether/g	✓	e» √	Accept "nucleophilic substitution/ S_N " for $M1$. Accept "glycoside" for $M2$.	2

Q	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
8.	а			Award [2] for correct final answer. M2 may also be correctly expressed to 1 SF.	2
8.	b		fat-soluble <i>AND</i> pass through lipid membranes/accumulate in cells/fatty tissues OR fat-soluble <i>AND</i> less easily excreted/metabolized ✓	Accept "water-soluble" only if an organometallic-protein interaction is mentioned.	1

Option C — Energy

Q	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
9.	а		«21 200 kJ dm ⁻³ × 5.00 dm ³ =» 106000/1.06 × 10 ⁵ «kJ» ✓		1
9.	b		alkane OR cycloalkane OR arene ✓	Accept "alkene". Do not accept just "hydrocarbon", since given in stem. Do not accept "benzene/aromatic" for "arene".	1

C	Question	Answers	Notes	Total
9.	С	Advantages: [2 max]	Accept "higher energy density" OR	
		renewable ✓	"biodegradable" for advantage.	
		uses up waste «such as used cooking oil» ✓		
		lower carbon footprint/carbon neutral ✓		
		higher flashpoint ✓		
		produces less SO _x /SO ₂		
		OR		
		less polluting emissions ✓		
		has lubricating properties		
		OR		
		preserves/increases lifespan of engine ✓		
		increases the life of the catalytic converter ✓		
		eliminates dependence on foreign suppliers ✓		
		does not require pipelines/infrastructure «to produce» ✓		
		relatively less destruction of habitat compared to obtaining petrochemicals 🗸		
		Disadvantages: [2 max]		4
		needs conversion/transesterification ✓	Accept "lower specific energy" as	
		takes time to produce/grow plants ✓	disadvantage.	

takes up land	
OR	
deforestation ✓	Do not accept "lower octane number" as disadvantage".
fertilizers/pesticides/phosphates/nitrates «used in production of crops» had negative environmental effects ✓	ave
biodiversity affected	
OR	
loss of habitats «due to energy crop plantations» ✓	
cannot be used at low temperatures ✓	
variable quality «in production» ✓	
high viscosity/can clog/damage engines ✔	

(Question	Answers	Notes	Total
9.	d	<pre>Any one: uses up fossil fuels more slowly ✓ lower carbon footprint/CO₂ emissions ✓ undergoes more complete combustion ✓ produces fewer particulates ✓ higher octane number/rating OR less knocking ✓ prevents fuel injection system build up OR helps keep engine clean ✓</pre>	Accept an example of a suitable advantage even if repeated from 9c.	1 max
9.	е	Any two: biodiesel has smaller molecules/single «hydrocarbon» chain AND oil has larger molecules/multiple «hydrocarbon» chains ✓ biodiesel is methyl/ethyl ester AND oil has «backbone of» glycerol joined to fatty acids ✓ biodiesel contains one ester group AND oil contains three ester groups ✓	Do not accept properties such as "less viscous" or "lower ignition point".	2 max

C	Questi	on	Answers	Notes	Total
9.	f	i	carbon dioxide allows sunlight/short wavelength radiation to pass through AND particulates reflect/scatter/absorb sunlight ✓	Accept "particulates reflect/scatter/absorb sunlight AND carbon dioxide does not".	
				Accept "CO ₂ absorbs IR «radiation» AND particulates reflect/scatter/absorb sunlight".	1
				Do not accept "traps" for "absorbs".	
9.	f	ii	carbon dioxide is highly/more abundant «in the atmosphere» ✓	Accept "carbon dioxide contributes more to global warming" for M1.	
			methane is more effective/potent «as a greenhouse gas»		
			OR		
			methane/better/more effective at absorbing IR «radiation»		2
			OR		
			methane has greater greenhouse factor		
			OR		
			methane has greater global warming potential/GWP✓		
9.	f	iii	any value or range within 2850–3090 «cm⁻¹» ✓		1

C	Questio	n Answers	Notes	Total
10.	а	« $\frac{\text{mass \%}}{\text{fraction of U in UO}_2}$ = » $\frac{238.03}{238.03+2\times16}$ /0.881/88.1 % ✓	Award [1 max] for omitting mass composition (giving 0.725 kg).	2
		46.5 «kg» × 0.0157 × 0.881 × 0.9928 «= 0.639 kg» ✓	M2 is for numerical setup, not for final value of 0.639 kg.	_
10.	b	Alternative 1 « $\frac{2.23 \times 10^{10} \text{ year}}{4.46 \times 10^9 \text{ year}} = \text{»} 5.00 \text{ «half-lives»} \checkmark$ « $m = 0.639 \text{ kg} \times (0.5)^5 = \text{»} 0.0200 \text{ «kg»} \checkmark$ Alternative 2 « $\lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{4.46 \times 10^9 \text{ year}} = \text{»} 1.554 \times 10^{-10} \text{ «year}^{-1} \text{»} \checkmark$ « $m = 0.639 \text{ kg} \times e^{-1.554 \times 10^{-10} year}^{-1} \times 2.23 \times 10^{10} year} = \text{»} 0.0200 \text{ «kg»} \checkmark$	Award [2] for correct final answer.	2

C	Questio	n Answers	Notes	Total
10.	С	Any one: «genetic» mutations ✓ «could cause» cancer ✓ cells «in body» altered ✓ cells «in body» cannot function ✓ damaged DNA/proteins/enzymes/organs/tissue ✓ «radiation» burns ✓ hair loss ✓ damage in foetuses ✓ damages/weakens immune system ✓	Accept specific named types of cancer.	1 max
10.	d	$^{238}_{92}U \rightarrow ^{234}_{90}Th + ^{4}_{2}He \checkmark$	Do not penalize missing atomic numbers in the equation. Accept "α" for "He".	1
10.	е	energy required to separate a nucleus into protons and neutrons/nucleons OR energy released when nucleus was formed from «individual/free/isolated» protons and neutrons/nucleons ✓	Do not accept "energy released when atom was formed".	1

Option D — Medicinal chemistry

Q	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
11.	а	H—C—C—C H—O—H OR CH₃COOH ✓	Accept full OR condensed structural formula.	1
11.	b	to avoid dissolving the crystals/aspirin ✓	Accept "to avoid loss of product" OR "aspirin is less soluble in cold water".	1
11.	С	CH ₃ —C—O—	Accept a positive metal ion next to the COO ⁻ such as "Na ⁺ /K ⁺ ". Accept "-ONa/-OK" without showing the charges. Accept notations such as "RCOO ⁻ " OR "RCOONa" OR "RCOOK" but not "RO ⁻ " OR "RONa" OR "ROK".	1

C	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
11.	d	low/medium risk «of overdosing» AND «estimated» lethal dose is 30 times/much larger than therapeutic dose OR 30 times the dose results in chance of dying ✓	Accept "30 and low/medium risk due to large therapeutic index". Do not accept "low/medium risk AND large therapeutic window". Do not accept "30 times the dose" alone for the mark.	1

Question	Answers Notes		Total
12.	same reactant mole ratio «in both equations» OR $Mg(OH)_2(s) + 2HCl(aq) $	Award [3] for correct final statement AND values in M3.	3

Q	uestion	Answers store until material becomes inactive/radiation levels drop ✓ dispose with other waste OR dispose in landfills ✓	Notes	Total
13.	а		Only award M2 if M1 correct. Accept "dispose by incineration" for M2.	2
13.	b	«use of» alternative solvents such as supercritical/liquid CO ₂ OR use of water «as solvent» OR solvent-free reactions «for example, polymerization of propene» OR solid-state chemistry	Do not accept political or regulatory solutions.	1 max
		 OR recycle «waste» solvents OR catalysis that leads to better/higher yield OR reducing number of steps ✓ 	"catalysis" alone not sufficient for mark.	

Q	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
14.	а	i	Any two: «secondary» carboxamide/amido ✓ ether ✓ carbonyl ✓	Accept amide Accept amino/amine. Accept alkenyl/alkene. Do not accept formula.	2 max
14.	а	ii	«drug» blocks/inhibits «viral» enzyme/neuraminidase/NA «activity» ✓ prevents virus from leaving/escaping host cells «thus cannot infect other cells» ✓	Do not accept other anti-viral methods (as question is specific to Zanamivir).	2
14.	b	i	HO NH ₂	Accept a circle that does not surround the amido group. Do not accept a circle that only surrounds the phenol group.	1

(continued...)

(Question 14b continued)

14.	b	ii	bacterial resistance «to older penicillins/antibiotics» ✓ prevent penicillinase/beta-lactamase/enzyme in bacterium to deactivate/open penicillin/beta-lactam ring ✓	Accept "antibiotic resistant bacteria" but not "antibiotic resistance" for M1. Accept "reduce allergic reactions from from penicillin" for M2. Award [1 max] for "increased efficiency" OR "increased stability in GIT". Do not accept "bacteria develop tolerance".	2
14.	С	i	codeine less soluble «in water» than morphine <i>AND</i> more soluble than diamorphine <i>OR</i> morphine > codeine > diamorphine «in terms of solubility in water» ✓ more/stronger/greater hydrogen/H bonding «due to more hydroxyl groups leads to greater solubility» ✓		2
14.	С	ii	opium poppy/plants/seeds ✓	Accept "poppy" OR "opioid".	1