

# ZIMBABWE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

General Certificate of Education Advanced Level

## FOOD TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

6036/1

PAPER 1 Theory

3 hours

#### SPECIMEN PAPER

#### **Additional materials:**

Answer paper

**TIME:** 3 hours

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer paper/answer booklet.

Question **one** in Section A is compulsory. Answer any **three** from Section B.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided. If you use more than one sheet of paper, fasten the sheets together.

### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

Each question carries 25 marks.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

### This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

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# SECTION A

# Answer all parts of Section A.

1	(a)	(i)	i) Classify carbohydrates into three.	
		(ii)	Describe their structures.	[3]
		(iii)	Identify <b>two</b> properties of each class.	[6]
		(iv)	Give one example of each class.	[1½]
	(b)	Design an experiment to determine the presence of reducing sugar in fresh orange juice.		[7]
	(c)	Describe the relationship between calcium and phosphorus in bone formation.		
	<b>(d)</b>	Discuss the functions of zinc in the body.		

## **SECTION B**

# Answer any **three** questions.

2	(a)	<b>(i)</b>	Outline four functions of food packaging.			
		(ii)	With reasons, give the information which must be stated on a foo label, according to The Food Standard Code.	od [6]		
	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(i)</b>	Identify <b>five</b> classes of Food Additives.	[5]		
		(ii)	Give <b>one</b> example for each class in <b>(b) (i)</b> and state their function in Food Processing.	ns [5]		
		(iii)	Evaluate the use of Food Additives in Food Processing.	[5]		
3	(a)	Name <b>four</b> sphincters found in the gastro-intestinal tract and state where each is located.				
	<b>(b)</b>	(i)	Compare and contrast bolus an chime.	[4]		
		(ii)	What is the function of mucus membrane in the stomach?	[1]		
	(c) Using <b>three</b> examples, discuss how hormones function to ensur satisfactory nutritional status.			[6]		
	( <b>d</b> )	(i)	Describe <b>four</b> types of anaemia.	[8]		
		(ii)	Explain <b>two</b> factors which affect enzyme activity.	[2]		
4	(a)	Identify <b>five</b> pigments found in vegetables and their properties, useful in food preparation.				
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain the ripening process in fruits. [5]				
	(c)	Identify <b>two</b> pigments found in meat and explain the changes that take place in them during handling of fresh meat. [4				
	(d)	Outline the chemical changes that occur when meat is cooked using moist and dry methods.				
5	(a)	(i)	List four fat soluble vitamins.	[2]		
		(ii)	Describe their properties.	[5]		
	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(i)</b>	Give <b>four</b> functions of vitamin A.	[4]		
	(ii)	Summarise the symptoms of <b>(b)(i)</b> deficiency.  6036/1 Specimen Paper				

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	(c)	Explai moist		nical changes that occur in Starch when exposed to dry and	[8]		
6	Food	security	is a ma	ajor factor in attaining and maintaining sound health status.	[~]		
	(a)	Explain the term 'Food Security'.					
	<b>(b)</b>	Discuss factors that influence Food Security.					
	(c)	Outline <b>six</b> ways on how a nation can ensure food security for its members.					
	<b>(d)</b>	Compare the nutritive value of dairy products and soy products.					
7	(a)	<b>(i)</b>	Outlin	ne the causes of obesity.	[2]		
		(ii)	Distir	nguish between the following diseases:-			
		Rickets					
		Osteomalacia					
	<b>(b)</b>	Briefly explain any <b>three</b> ways of tenderising meat.					
	(c)	Identify and explain the changes that take place in eggs during storage.					
	<b>(d)</b>	Describe <b>three</b> heat treatments of raw milk used in Zimbabwe.					
8	(a)	<b>(i)</b>	Outline <b>four</b> ways in which food can become infected and expl how infection is spread.				
		(ii)		rentiate between food poisoning and food infection, giving ples of micro-organisms involved in each case.	[4]		
	<b>(b)</b>	(i)	_	in <b>four</b> different ways of varying colour in food ration.	[4]		
		(ii)	Evalu	ate the nutritive value of tinned fish.	[4]		
		(iii)	Expla	in factors that cause meat to be tough.	[3]		
	(c)	Explain food:	Explain the following terms which are used in problems associated with food:				
			(i)	phenylketonuria	[2]		
			(ii)	insulin dependent diabetes	[2]		

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